Resolution adopted by the General Assembly

[on the report of the Second Committee (A/63/414/Add.3)]

63/215. International cooperation to reduce the impact of the El Niño phenomenon

The General Assembly,


Noting that the El Niño phenomenon has a recurring character and that it can lead to extensive natural hazards with the potential to seriously affect humankind,

Reaffirming the importance of developing strategies at the national, subregional, regional and international levels that aim to prevent, mitigate and repair the damage caused by natural disasters that result from the El Niño phenomenon,

Noting that technological developments and international cooperation have enhanced the capabilities for the prediction of the El Niño phenomenon and thereby the potential for the preventive actions that may be taken to reduce its negative impacts,

Taking into account the Johannesburg Declaration on Sustainable Development¹ and the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development (“Johannesburg Plan of Implementation”),² in particular paragraph 37 (i) thereof,


² Ibid., resolution 2, annex.
⁴ Ibid., resolution 2.
1. Takes note of the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction, in particular annex II of the report, entitled “International cooperation to reduce the impact of the El Niño phenomenon”, and calls upon the international community to make greater efforts to assist countries affected by this phenomenon;

2. Recognizes the efforts made by the Government of Ecuador, the World Meteorological Organization and the inter-agency secretariat of the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction which led to the establishment of the International Research Centre on El Niño at Guayaquil, Ecuador, and encourages them to continue their support for the advancement of the Centre;

3. Also recognizes the technical and scientific support of the World Meteorological Organization to producing regionally coordinated monthly and seasonal forecasts;

4. Encourages, in this regard, the World Meteorological Organization to strengthen collaboration and the exchange of data as well as of information with the relevant institutions;

5. Welcomes the activities undertaken so far to strengthen the International Research Centre on El Niño, through collaboration with international monitoring centres, including the national oceanographic institutions, and efforts to enhance regional and international recognition and support for the Centre and to develop tools for decision makers and Government authorities for reducing the impact of the El Niño phenomenon;

6. Calls upon the Secretary-General and the relevant United Nations organs, funds and programmes, in particular those taking part in the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction, and the international community to adopt, as appropriate, the necessary measures to strengthen the International Research Centre on El Niño, and invites the international community to provide scientific, technical and financial assistance and cooperation for this purpose, as well as to strengthen, as appropriate, other centres devoted to the study of the El Niño phenomenon;

7. Underscores the importance of maintaining the El Niño/Southern Oscillation observation system, continuing research into extreme weather events, improving forecasting skills and developing appropriate policies for reducing the impact of the El Niño phenomenon and other extreme weather events, and emphasizes the need to further develop and strengthen these institutional capacities in all countries, in particular developing countries;

8. Requests the Secretary-General to include a section on the implementation of the present resolution in his report to the General Assembly at its sixty-fifth session on the implementation of the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction.

72nd plenary meeting
19 December 2008

5 A/63/351.