

PRESENTATION BY VIOLET SHIVUTSE GRASSROOTS WOMAN LEADER FROM SHIBUYE COMMUNITY HEALTH WORKERS- KENYA

BACKGROUND

- Western Kenya is a key Agriculture Zone .
- Most households rely on farming for their livelihood and food especially the grassroots women.
- This region was also hit with HIV and grassroots Women also assumed the responsibility of caring for families affected with HIV.
- So food and nutrition was critical in the lives of grassroots women.

GRASSROOTS WOMEN ORGANIZING

- In the year 2003 to 2005 grassroots Women realized a big shift in the climate pattern.
- There was a longer drought season than usual and when the rains came they were so heavy ,floods and did not help in farming.
- Crops were destroyed by drought .
- Grassroots Women conducted a mapping process to assess households vulnerabity ,get ideas on alternative solutions

MAPPING LEADS TO ACTION

- The women organized themselves in collective farming groups and piloted drought resistant crops.
- They established community demonstration plots as learning centers for community members.
- Grassroots women started water harvesting during rainfall to use during drought.
- The women organized dialogues with local government institutions to share practices and challenges.
- 6 of the women groups have been able to access government resources like njaa marafuku Kenya(stop hunger in Kenya), poverty eradication fund etc to strengthen their work.
- The groups have been able to seek technical support from government.
- 12 grassroots women have been elected to various decision making committees as community representatives.

WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS

- Dissemination of government policies thru the Women groups to community.
- Developing plans together and setting events with government to show case proper farming methods like the 10% trees on every position of land extended to schools by women.
- Forest consenservation awareness.
- Creation of network of communities and local leaders in environment and Agriculture.

RECOMMENDATIONS

 1. Formalize grassroots women's roles in planning, operationalizing and monitoring development programs around

disaster and climate change.

- 2.Develop capacity building programs that draw upon the knowledge and expertise of grassroots women's organizations, and nurture innovation and grassroots-led transfers of innovation within and across countries.
- 3. Create policy and program incentives that encourage local and national governments to collaborate effectively with grassrootswomen's organizations to scale up effective.
- 4. Ensure that grassroots women are represented in decisionmaking forums at local, national, regional and global.
- 5. Set clear targets and earmark financial resources to grassroots women's organizations building resilience communities.