



Wednesday 7 July 07:30 EST | 12:30 UTC | 13:30 CEST Online event <u>Event Information</u> <u>Register here</u>

TITLE

Enhancing Policymaking During an Emergency: Lessons Learned from the Covid-19 Pandemic

CONTEXT

The COVID-19 pandemic has led to unequal responses and unequal impacts in countries and around the world. Science has uncovered much about the virus and made extraordinary and unprecedented progress on vaccine and treatment development, but there is still great uncertainty as the pandemic continues to evolve.

In 2021, the International Science Council, with United Nations Office of Disaster Risk Reduction and the <u>World Health Organization</u> as observers, launched the <u>COVID-19 Outcomes Scenarios Initiative</u> - a project to outline the most plausible outcomes of the pandemic in the next 3-5 years, understand its potential impact global health, inequalities, and the economy, and outline how an optimistic and fair end to the pandemic might be achieved for the global community. An article in <u>The Lancet</u> finds that:

"What emerges next will not only depend on the ongoing evolution of the virus, but on the behaviours of citizens, on the decisions of governments, on progress in medical science, and on the extent to which the international community can stand together in its efforts to defeat the virus".

Throughout the pandemic, many politicians have talked about the importance of "following the science" when implementing COVID-19 policy. However, there has sometimes been a disconnect between government policy and the fast-evolving scientific evidence.

What happens next?

HIGH LEVEL PANEL DISCUSSION (1 Hr 15 mins)

During this HLPF side event, scientists, policymakers, and civil society representatives will discuss:

The impact that government COVID-19 policy will have on health, inequalities, and the economy in the long-term, and how policymaking can adapt to improve these outcomes. More specifically to understand:

- 1. What has the pandemic taught the global community about policymaking thus far? What went well? What didn't go well? What new policies are needed to minimize any long-term negative consequences of the pandemic?
- 2. What do scientists need to do to ensure that evidence is better understood and is taken up by policymakers?
- 3. What do policymakers need to make better and evidence-based decisions?

PANELISTS:

- Mami Mizutori Special Representative of the United Nations Secretary-General (SRSG) for Disaster Risk Reduction, and head of the United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction, based in Geneva, Switzerland.
- **Peter Piot** Director of the London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine and a Handa Professor of Global Health
- Ines Hassan ISC project lead for the COVID-19 Scenarios Project
- More TBA

LANGUAGES AVAILABLE:

- English
- French
- Spanish

- Arabic
- Portuguese
- Chinese

THEMATIC FOCUS

SDGs:

- 3 on good health and well-being,
- 8 on decent work and economic growth,
- 10 on reduced inequalities

AUDIENCE

The audience will include delegates from Member States, policy makers, knowledge brokers (including chief scientists and scientific advisors to government), those with an interest in disaster risk and resilience, scientists and researchers and civil society.

EXPECTED OUTCOMES

Participants attending the webinar will hear from experts on the science-for-policy nexus during times of emergency and will be prompted by the lessons learned to find robust and resilient pathways to better outcomes during future emergencies.

FORMAT:

1 hour 15 minutes

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