



## Resilient Infrastructure: Key to the Success of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

## Building to last

Disasters cause massive human and economic losses across the world. More than 70% of losses are due to extreme weather events and climate-related disasters. In major disasters, infrastructure losses make up for two-thirds of total public losses.

Modern infrastructure is built as an interconnected system. When disaster strikes, in addition to asset damage, cascading risk significantly disrupts services and supply chains. Lives and livelihoods are lost, and economic activity is severely affected. The poor typically bear the brunt, trapping them in a cycle of poverty. The downstream effects of infrastructure loss and damage are felt for years after the event.

Planning and infrastructure decisions made today will have a lasting impact on future generations' prosperity and well-being. Resilient infrastructure is an investment in climate security and sustainable development.

## Coalition for Disaster Resilient Infrastructure

The multi-country, multi-stakeholder Coalition for Disaster Resilient Infrastructure will promote knowledge exchange and provide technical support to countries on implementing disaster and climate resilient infrastructure.





