

# Government of Nepal National Reconstruction Authority

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2018 AMCDRR

ULAANBAATAR MONGOLIA

PREVENTING DISASTER RISK:  
PROTECTING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT



## TECHNICAL SESSION 4

STRENGTHENING DISASTER PREPAREDNESS FOR EFFECTIVE  
RESPONSE AND TO 'BUILD BACK BETTER' IN RECOVERY AND  
RECONSTRUCTION

5 JULY, 17:00 – 18:30



# Overview: Damage of Earthquake

- 25th April, 2015 M7.8 (Gorkha District)
- Many aftershocks observed



- Fatalities: 8,790
- Injured: 22,300
- Housing: 500,000 (Completely)  
270,000 (Partially)





# Progress of Reconstruction (as of June 2018)

Facility	Progress	Target	Under construction	Completed
School	<b>82%</b>	<b>7,553</b>	<b>2,400</b>	<b>3,785</b>
Health Posts/centres	<b>66%</b>	<b>1,197</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>643</b>
Public Buildings	<b>97%</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>220</b>
Security Buildings	<b>54%</b>	<b>383</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>89</b>
Cultural Heritage	<b>59%</b>	<b>753</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>116</b>
Private Housing	<b>64%</b>	<b>781,733</b>	<b>499,120</b>	<b>188,501</b>





# NRA's Strategies for BBB and Preparedness

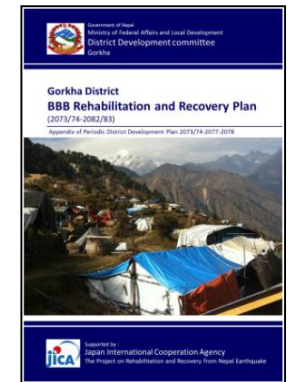
- National Level: Post Disaster Reconstruction Framework(PDRF)
- Local Level: District Rehabilitation and Recovery Plan (RRP)  
(Gorkha, Sindhupalchok, Rasuwa, Nuwakot, Dhading)

## NRA's Key Approach

- Capacity development of local communities and local governments
- Focus on vulnerable population

## For example...

- NRA's policy documents spell out about
  - Gender Equality and Social Inclusion
  - Vulnerability identification criteria in use
  - Alternatives to those living in vulnerable settlements based on geo-study results : 200,000 NRs per beneficiary
- Targeted livelihood program for Vulnerable Groups





# Case 1. Quake-Resistant Housing Reconstruction

3 Steps subsidy by Government of Nepal (For houses based on Minimum Requirement for BBB)

+

Community Mobilization Program (CMP)

## Orientation

for Community Based Reconstruction Committee (CBRC)

+

## Community Meeting

for all the house owners

+

## Technical Assistance by Mobile Mason

Trained masons by the project support to house owners and unskilled labors



- Bulk purchase of materials resulted in reduced costs and financial difficulties.
- Vulnerable groups (e.g. elderly) received help for rebuilding their houses.
- **91%** Construction started in CMP areas (57% in the overall areas) \*as of 31 May '18
- **59%** Construction completed in CMP areas (19% in the overall areas)

# Case 2. Community-Driven Livelihood Recovery



Support for Establishment and Enhancement of a Women's Cooperative in Barpak Village

+

Improvement of Vegetable and Goat Farming Practices for Women



## Introduction

For Cooperative Members

- \* Cooperative establishment
- \* Better quality seeds
- \* Better quality breed goats

+

## Training

For Cooperative Members

- \* Cooperative operation
- \* Vegetable/ goat farming skills

+

## Capacity Building

For District Sectoral Offices

Women and Children,  
Livestock Service,  
Agriculture

- Improved productivity of vegetables and goats achieved through cooperative-based activities and collaboration between government and cooperatives
- Increased awareness, ownership, capacities, and empowerment among women



# Conclusion: Lessons from Nepal's Recovery

- Capacity development of local actors (government & communities) for ensuring sustainability and ownership of reconstruction and recovery
  - Creating complementarity between public support and mutual support
- Ensuring support for vulnerable population (including women) via community-based mutual help mechanisms
- Key priorities and principles are spelled out in the national (PDRF) & district recovery plans (RRP)
  - BBB Principle is firmly incorporated
  - Focus on both structural and non-structural aspects of recovery



**Preparedness against future disaster has been enhanced by strengthening collective actions of community, that promoted “build back better”**



# Way forward: Founding of Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Authority (DRRMA)

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**Lesson Learned: Need of Permanent Robust Institution for Preparedness against Future Disaster - To protect life of people, their property, natural and archaeological heritage and physical infrastructure**

- Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act has been enacted in November 2017
- DRRM Council to be chaired by the Prime Minister
- DRRM Steering Committee to be chaired by Home Minister
- DRRMA to be headed by CEO with full-fledged organizational structure



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Thanks for your attention!

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