

# Implementing Disaster Risk Reduction at the local Level

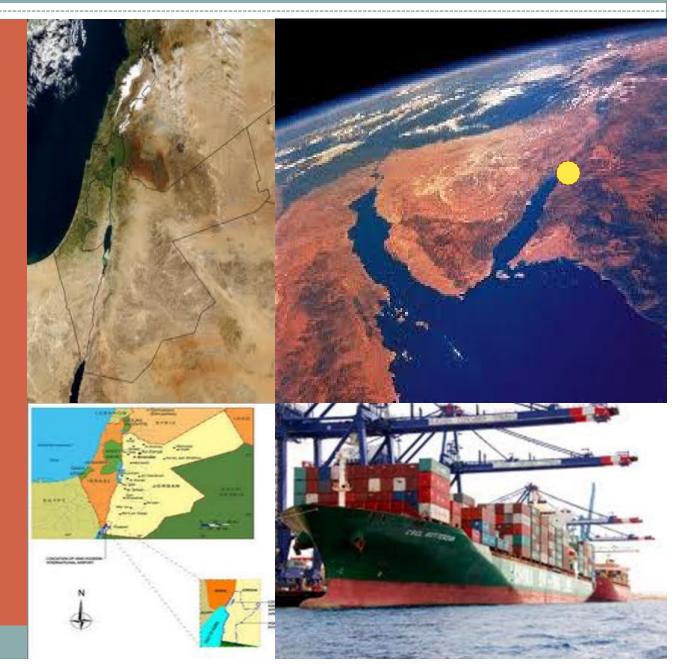


#### **Contents:**

- ASEZA SOCIO-ECONOMICAL PROFILE;
- LOCAL HAZARD PROFILE;
- DRR PRACTICE, TOOLS AT THE LOCAL LEVEL;
- KEY CHALLENGES

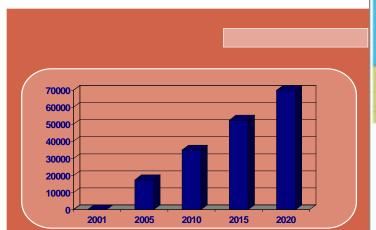
# The City of Aqaba

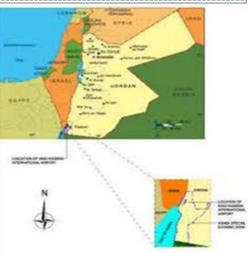
- Located at the northern tip of the Gulf of Aqaba
- Jordan's only outlet and sea port to the open sea
- > In 2001 the city was transferred into a Special Economic Zone namely after (ASEZ)



#### The Socio-Economic Profile

- > **Area 357 km2**
- > **Population** = 10300
- > Duty free flat tax rate
- One –stop –shop
- An engine of growth at the national level
- Administered by a decentralized local government Authority (ASEZA)





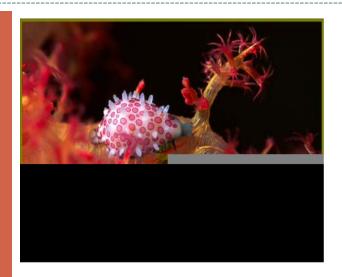


# Values of the city of Aqaba

**Economical** 

Historical and Cultural, Social values

Recreational values



#### THE VISION

The Aqaba Special Economic Zone is a world class Red Sea business hub and leisure destination enhancing the quality of life and prosperity of the region and a driving force

#### Hazards profile

Earthquakes

**Flashfloods** 

**Sandstorms** 

Technological hazards









#### Hazart profile (Fact sheet)

#### **Earthquakes**

- ☐ The last earthquake hit the city was in 1995 Earthquake
- > 6.2 magnitude
- Lasted for 40 sec
  - ➤ No casualties
- > Small damages to the buildings and infrastructures



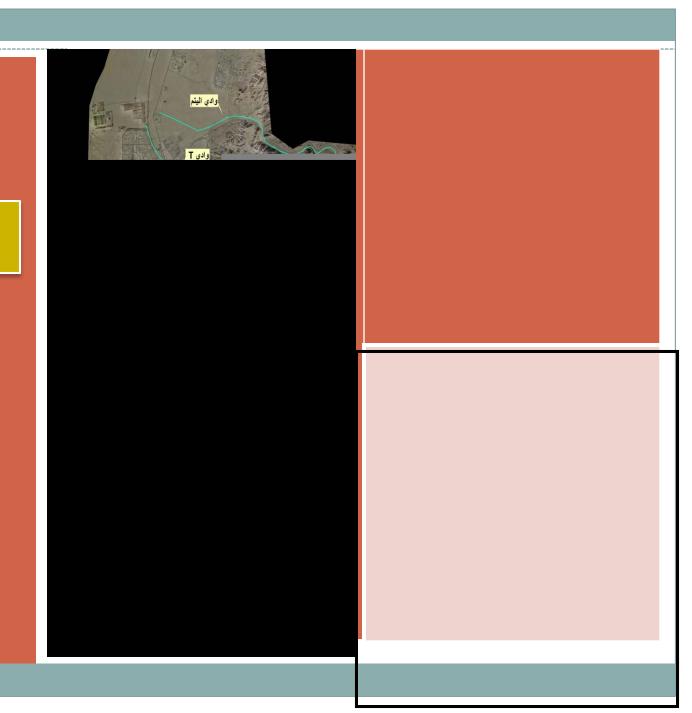
#### Hazards profile (Fact sheet)

#### **Flashfloods**

- > Feb.2006 FF
- ➤ High panic Last flash flood hit was in 2006
- Six people died and 25 affected

#### Oct. 2012 FF

- Two causalities
- Substantial Damage to infrastructures





#### ASEZA DRR Governance modality

ASEZA and other related agencies

response

Recovery

emergency

"Implementation of Essential 1 In line with Sendai framework"



mitigation

preparation

Build capacity



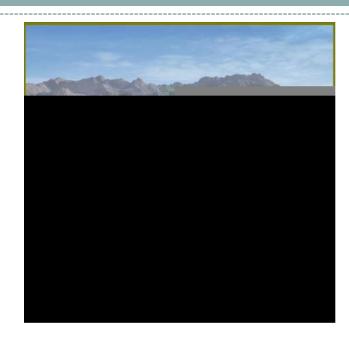
# Why DRR in the city of Aqaba?

Protecting investments

Minimizing losses and damages form Hazards

Building local capacity

Build back better during recovery







#### How we do it?

By Integrating DRR into Development process

Through ASEZA's and institutional and legal Frameworks

Processes for Disaster Risk Reduction (land use planning and climate change adaptation

**Essential 1** 

ASEZA is committed to sustainable development and it values( DRR is an integral Part)

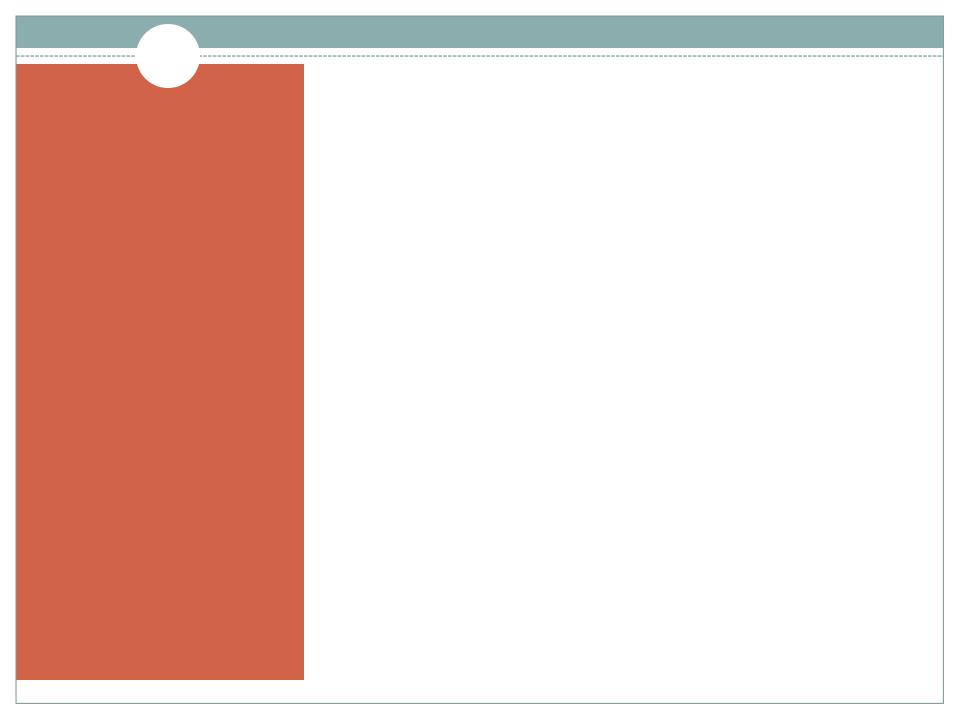


Institutional framework for DRR(DRR unit established at local level)

Continued improvement of the Org. framework By best practice and lessons learned

Implementation of Risk Reduction Management and measures

Updating and review for polices to be risk informed





### **AESZA DRR Practice**

Implementing HFA-1 at the local level and now the post 2015 -2030 Sendai Framework

Essential 1

HFA-1 Ensuring DRR is a local priority with strong institutional basis for implementation

4 DRR tasks at the local governance level(HFA Priorty-1 related) were implemented by ASEZA

- > Engaging in a multi-stake-holder dialogue to form basis for DRR
- > Strengthening Mechanisms for systematic DRR coordination
- > Assess and develop the Institutional & Legal basis for DRR
- > Prioritize DRR and Allocate Appropriate Resources



## ASEZA'S Tools for DRR

for the Institutionalization of DRR into the Governance System

Task 1. Engaging in a multi-stake-holder dialogue to form basis for DRR

Essential 1

#### **Political Commitment**

#### Functional multi stakeholder platform

ASEZA egal arrangment for DRR at the local levle

for the Institutionalization of DRR into the Governance System

Establishing the context for DRR practice locally
 Legal & legislative contexts (what we are trying to do)
 Essential 1

The Civil Defense law 1999 ASEZA Law No. 32 year 2000



Local Defense Committee chaired by the Governor



ASEZA DRR Established Unit



ASEZA DRM Committee established by the Governor



International Standards

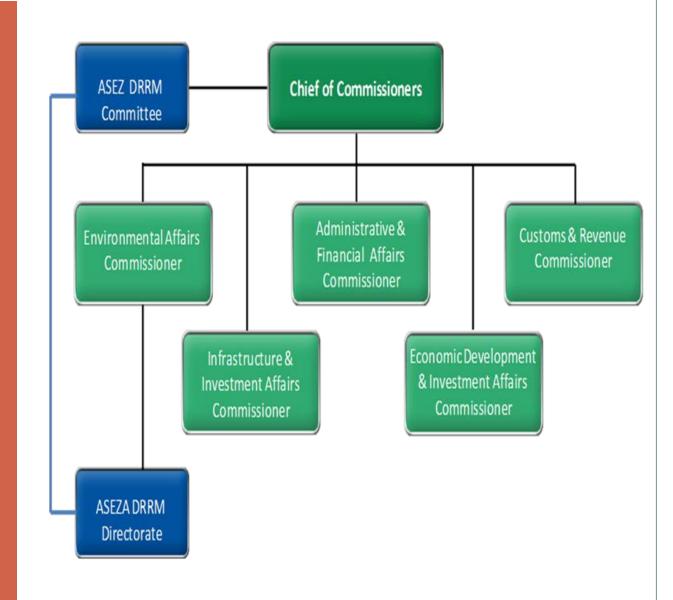


#### **DRR Practice**

ASEZA's

institutional arrangement for DRR at the local level

Essential 1



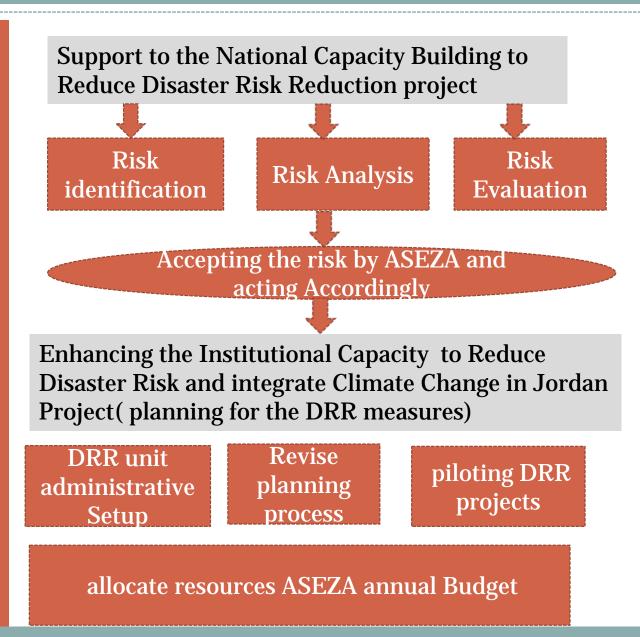


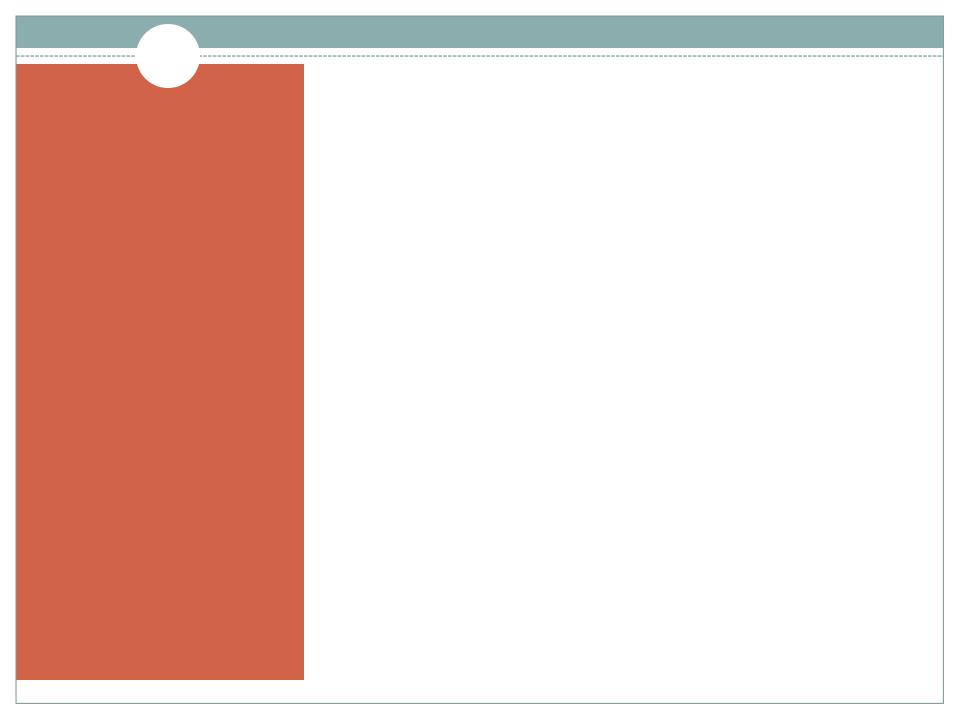
### ASEZA'S Tools for DRR

Institutionalizing
Disaster Risk
Reduction into
ASEZA Governance(
Risk Governance)

Task 4:
Prioritize DRR
and Allocate
Appropriate
Resources

Essential 1&2







## MDG & SDGs Activities

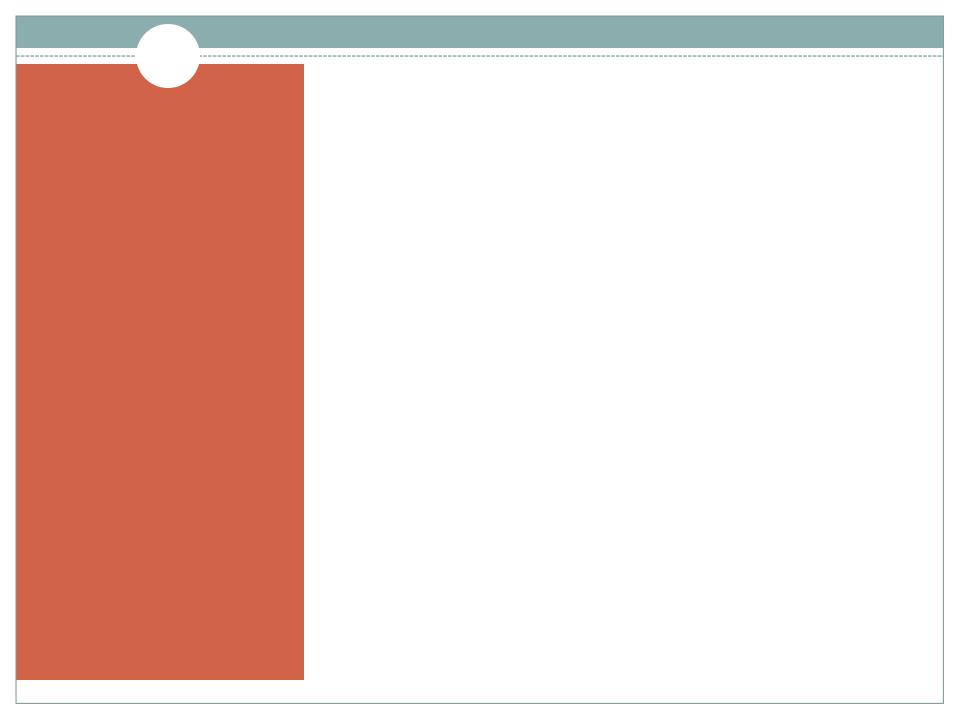
Local \city – level DRR Tasks

Vulnerability Reduction Tasks to enhance

urban Resilience

Essential 3,4,5

- ASEZA is mainstreaming DRR into the following tasks to reduce vulnerability and adapt to climate change at the local level
- ✓ The Physical planning process adaptive land use planning and risk informed policies
- Environmental Management(ICZM) and SDG 14
- **✓** Economical development
- Building safety and codes
- ✓ Economical instruments (CBA)
- ✓ Gender mainstreaming into Climate change adaptation and implementing the national (ccGaps) with respect to DRR initiatives.





# Risk Sensitive land use planning

Urban Risk Management

#### Steps for effective LUP in DRR

- · The outputs:
- · Comprehensive land use planning
- Zoning, Building codes

Conducting Misl

Adopting UUP

- · the outputs:
- · Vulnerability Assessment
- · Hazards Maps, element at risk Maps

Mainstraming

The outputs into

- The outputs:
- Risk Sensitive land use plans
- Risk Modeling of the Understanding Risks

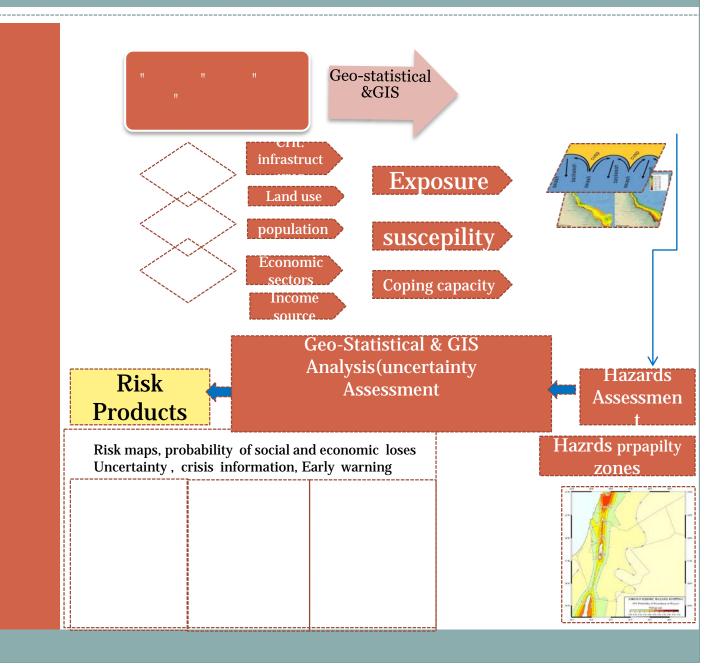
Seismic micro-zoning enables identification of earthquake-prone areas at a local scale. This can be used to maintain low levels of building density or to avoid development in such areas. Micro zoning has proved to be particularly effective in establishing setback distances from active fault lines within which building is prohibited

land use planning and earthquake

Flood mitigation is an important issue in land use planning. Remote sensing could provide timely and low-cost information on floods and land use status whereas GIS is an excellent tool in handling information in land management and flood mitigation. This

Land-use planning at the local or municipal level can be a useful tool in reducing future flood damages. Consideration should be given to ensuring that there are conforming uses in flood-prone areas as part of master plans. The land along a river is highly desirable for parks and recreational uses, as well as for ecological reserves. Supportive infrastructure such as washrooms, picnic facilities and changing rooms can be flood proofed. Private development of conforming uses such as golf courses can also be considered. The important point here is to integrate the land-use planning for flood prone lands into the broader plans for the urban and surrounding area.

# Land use planning for flood mitigation





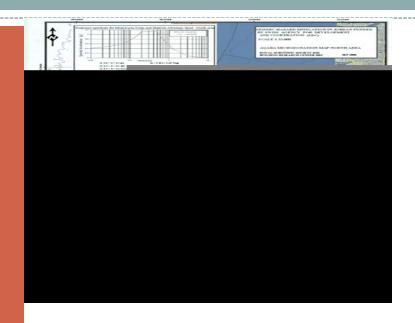
#### ASEZA's shift from DRR to resilience

Planned translocation of elements at risk( the south Shallah case)

Smart , controlled Urban Growth

The integrated approach in planning & Management to reduce vulnerabilities

Essential 2,3,9,10



## ASEZA'S Tools for DRR

The 10 essentials of "My city is getting ready"

Are used by ASEZA as a self assessment tool to monitor its progress in DRR at the local level Institutional & Administrative Framework

DRR unit administrative set up

Financing &Resource

Funded NEX projects

Multi-hazards Risk Ass.

Knowing the risk (ADRRMP)

Infrastructures Protection, upgrading

Flood protection plan

**Protect Vital Facilities** 

Critical Facilities maps

Building Regulation &land use planning

 ASEZA Master plan, Bldgs. Regulations

Training, Education, Public Awareness

NDV'S Approach

**Environmental protection** 

ICZM,EIA

Effective Preparedness ,Early warning

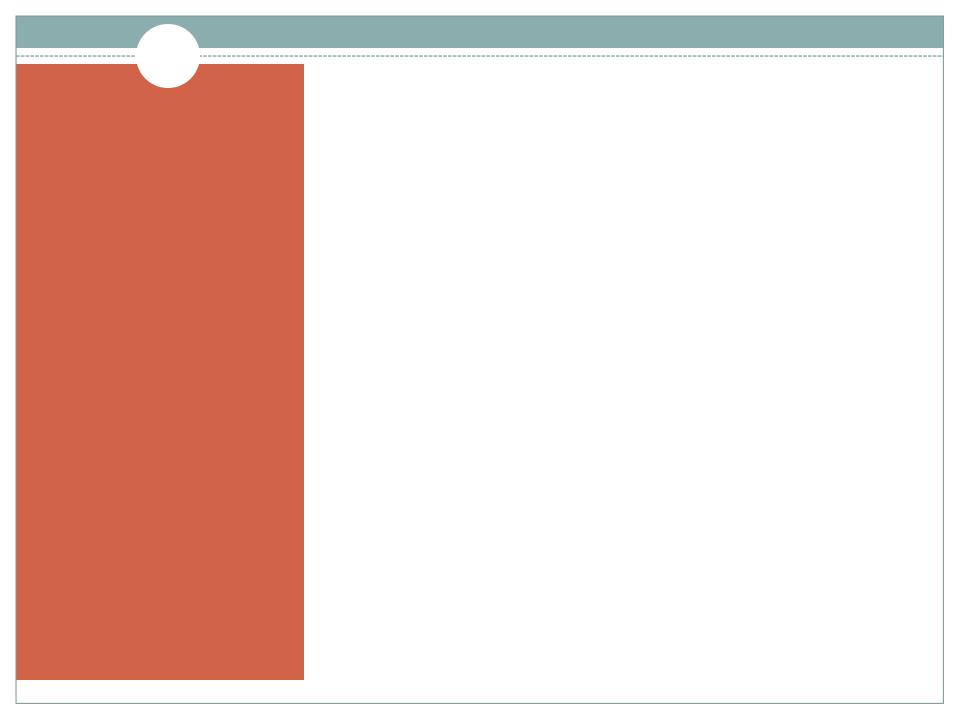
FF EW System

Recovery &rebuilding Communities

Build back Better after FF





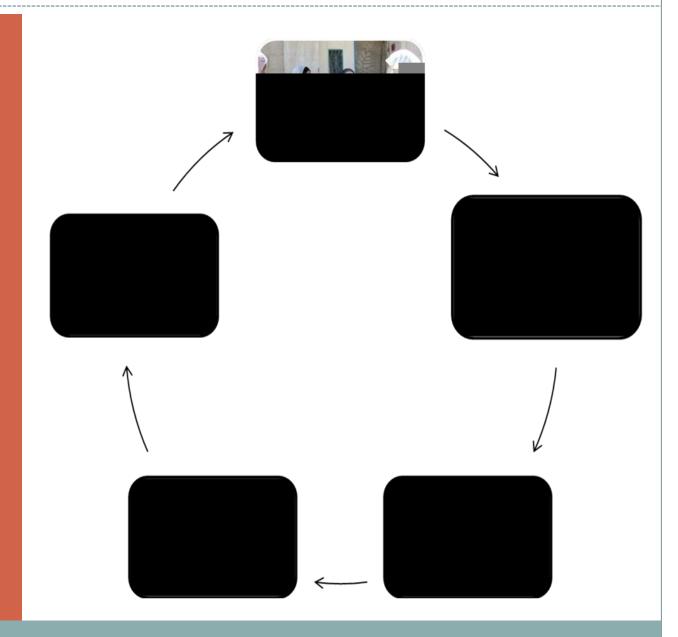




#### ASEZA'S DRR Tools

Outreaching and communicating the risks among locals;

Public awareness campaigns to communicate non –structural approaches





# ASEZA'S DRR tools and Practice

Sharing the experience and lessons learned from the Aqaba Case Study

#### In conclusion:

- ➤ Political Support and Interest of policy makers in DRR is very essential for Successful institutional and legal frameworks and for having a risk informed policy
- Building local capacity and competency in DRM and urban risk Management
- Public awareness in DRR to built the prevention culture among society
- Involve the Civil Societies and NGO's and the private sector in process and advocate DRR locally
- Allocate resources and funding's for DRR
- DRR is both top-to bottom(governmental) and down-up approach (Community-based)
- Mainstream Gender in to DRR activities for more effective implementation and climate change adaptation

### Key faced challenges

- 31)
- AWARENESS, CAPACITY BUILDING IN DRR
- CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION
- INTEREST AND PARTNERSHIP WITH PRIVATE SECTOR IN DRR PRACTICE
- FUNDING AND SUPPORT FOR RESEARCH AND MONITORING
- INFORMATION KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT FOR DRR AND BRIDGING THE GAB BETWEEN SCIENCE AND POLICY MAKING
- NATIONAL AND REGIONAL COORDINATION MECHANISMS

## The way forward ....

- Testing local indicators for the new ten essentials (done)
- Updating and building DRR and Data base and making it accessible for public; (ongoing)
- Updating ASEZ Risk Assessment profile;(
- Enhancing ASEZ Preparedness capacity and EWS(ongoing)
- Mainstreaming DRR into tourism attraction Strategy at local level.
- Enhance Risk Governance
- Adopt and implement Aqaba
   Resilience strategy and action plan





## THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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Sources: www.dlr.de/eov/en

2012 German Aerospace center(DLR)

Team: Urban Areas and Land Management