REGIONAL KICK-OFF WORKSHOP

Nablus City

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&

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Outline:

- Introduction
- Nablus municipality
- Key risk faced
- Gaps and challenges
- Ongoing future plans
General information

- Nablus city is considered one of the oldest cities in the world (around 3600 BC.)
- Geographically, Nablus extends on Mount Ebal and Mount Gerizim
The city is known by its delicious sweet (kenafa) and it has many industries such as soap industry and stone cuttings, tahina factory and handicraft industries.
The climate of the Nablus city is mediterranean

- The annual amount of rainfall on average is 640 mm. However on the last years the average is not obviously change but the intensity is increased and the raining days are reduced
- Ex: 2
- Served Population 200,000 inhabitants
- Water supply = 100% (intermittent supply - Rotation)
- Wastewater = 97% connected to public sewerage
- Energy consumption = 705 GWh/year (40% electricity)
- Consumption water per capita per day = 80 L
- % poverty = 37 (without camps)
• Nablus is consider an important centre of learning that is contain two university (An-Najah and Al-Quds open)

• The illiteracy rate in Nablus low (not exceed 3.4 %)
• Also ,Its contain seven hospital in the city
• Its contains a lot of archaeological sites that attract tourists from the world
It suffered from unemployment because of the Israeli siege and the checkpoints that surrounded the city. (1948-2002)
Many earthquakes and flooding had happened in Nablus city for many years. Earthquakes in 1927.
Strategy plan 2013-2017 (30-40%) implemented
Preparing sustainable energy active plan (start to implement)
Nablus Municipality

- Nablus municipality is a semi-governmental foundation world, it established in 1869
- Municipality area = 29 km²
• Municipality Services
  ❖ Public water supply
  ❖ Waste water disposal
  ❖ Building licenses
  ❖ Paving of streets and roads
  ❖ Building of schools
  ❖ Hygienic and environmental issues
Waste disposal and cleaning services
Fire fighting services
Social and economical development
Municipal cultural centers
Key Risks Faced

- Climate change, lack of infrastructure, flooding
- Financial crisis, economical
- Environmental risk
- Israeli siege
- Natural risk
Gaps and Challenges

- Lack of enough information about disasters
- Lack of qualified people
- Lack of financial resources
- Urban Planning isn’t linked with strategic planning
- Population growth
Lack of public awareness

No comprehensive risk analysis studies are available

No enough enforcement for laws / regular studies in all issues

DRR plan isn’t available for all types of risks
Ongoing & Future plans:
(i.e. Capacity Building, planning, DRR integration)

- Building capacity
- Fund raising
- Disaster risk reduction plan
- Preventive plan to disaster
- PA campaign
- Urban planning linked to strategic planning
## Ten Essentials Analysis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organize for disaster resilience</th>
<th>3</th>
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<tr>
<td>Identify, understand and use current and future risk scenarios.</td>
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<td>Strengthen financial capacity for resilience</td>
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<td>Pursue resilient urban development and design</td>
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<td>Safeguard natural buffers to enhance the protective functions offered by natural ecosystems</td>
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<td>Strengthen institutional capacity for resilience</td>
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<td>Understand and strengthen societal capacity for resilience</td>
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<tr>
<td>Increase infrastructure resilience</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ensure effective preparedness and disaster response</td>
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<tr>
<td>Expedite recovery and build back better</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Strengths</td>
<td>weakness</td>
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<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Social coherence</td>
<td>• Israeli Invasion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Old city (historical and cultural)</td>
<td>• Density / growth rate</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Strategic planning</td>
<td>• Lack of infrastructure</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Industrial handicraft / commercial</td>
<td>• Traffic</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Energy plan is available</td>
<td>• No enforcement of laws and regulations</td>
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<td>• Cooperation with other stakeholders</td>
<td>• Lack of information</td>
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<td>• Donors (KFW)</td>
<td>• Developing the urban planning is difficult</td>
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<td>because it is very old</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Laws, regulations</td>
<td>• Financial issues</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Limited Water resources</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Lack of experience and human resources</td>
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<td>mainly in DRR</td>
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Thank you