STAKEHOLDERS WORKSHOP TO IMPLEMENT A PILOT PROJECT ON IMPACT-BASED FORECASTING AND RISK-BASED WARNINGS

VACOAS, MAURITIUS, 26-30 OCTOBER 2015 ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

PROVISIONAL PROGRAMME

EXPECTED OUTCOME

Planning and Design of a Pilot Project on impact-based forecasting for Mauritius

	DAY 1 (WORKING HOUR	RS: 0900-1700)	
TIME(S):	TITLE(S) / SUBJECT(S):	PRESENTER(S):	TIME(S):
	WELCOME AND INTRO	DDUCTION	
	 Opening (including reason for workshop) Introduction of participants Working arrangements 	MMS & WMO (Haleh Kootval)	0900-1000
	STIMULATING THE NEED	FOR ACTION	
			1000-1200
	Presentation on challenges and short-comings of current warning and response systems: • Meteorological and hydrological hazards and their impacts; • Existing forecasting and warning services; • Disaster reduction activities	MMS & NDRRMC	
	Coffee Break and Group Photo		
	Presentations by stakeholders How stakeholders cope with hazards that affect their day-to-day operations and activities	Stakeholders	

	Lunch		
			1300-1700
	Presentations by stakeholders How stakeholders cope with hazards that affect their day-to- day operations and activities (continued)	Stakehoders	
	Coffee Break		
RES	PONDING TO THE CHALLENGES	AND NEED FOR CHA	NGE
	Presentation: • Multi-hazard, impact based forecasting and warning services in Mauritius (focus on benefits to users)	Ele Hunt (MO)	
	DAY 2 (WORKING HOUR	S: 0900-1700)	•
IMPACT-BAS	SED FORECASTING: INTRODUCTION	ON TO MAPPING AND	MODELLING
			0900-1200
	Re-cap on Day 1 and outlook for Day 2 activities	Ele Hunt (MO)	
	Introduction to hazard matrices	Ele Hunt (MO)	
	Develop a hazard matrix for each stakeholder group	All	
	Summary of hazard matrices	Ele Hunt (MO)	
	Coffee Break	·	
	Presentations: Introduction to technologies and modeling for providing objective risk-impact assessments	Rick Murnane (GFDRR), Deepak Vatvani (Deltares)	
	Lunch		
			1300-1700
		MMS, National GIS	

	real time or climate-based impact mapping Information on locations and activities prone to hazards not already captured in existing databases, including historical reports, which could be used for risk mapping		
	Coffee Break		
IMPACT-BASE	ED FORECASTING: DEVELOPING		CE MATRICES
	Introduction to impact and advice matrices	Ele Hunt (MO)	
	Develop an impact matrix for a range of hazards and stakeholder groups. Review and discuss	All participants	
	Summary of impact and advice matrices	Ele Hunt (MO)	
	DAY 3 (WORKING HOUR	S: 0900-1700)	
IMPACT-BASED	FORECASTING: DEVELOPING IM	IPACT AND ADVICE I	MATRICES
			0900-1200
	Re-cap on Day 2 and outlook for Day 3 activities	Ele Hunt and Stakeholders	
	Develop a mitigation advice matrix for each hazard and stakeholder group. Review and discuss	All participants	
	Coffee Break		
	Stakeholders exercises using historical events or simulated scenarios to test each impact matrix and the resulting warning color	All participants	
	Lunch		

TESTING AND CO	MMUNICATION		
			1300-1700
	Create and agree on SOPs for severe weather and related hydrometeorological events; and test	All participants led by Haleh Kootval (WMO)	
	Coffee Break		
	Create and agree on SOPs for severe weather and related hydrometeorological events; and test (continued)	All participants led by Haleh Kootval (WMO)	
	DAY 4 (WORKING HOUR	S: 0900-1700)	
	IMPLEMENTATI	ON	
	Topics for discussion and agreement: Formalizing an operational partnership Training plan Creating a communication plan including community engagement Operational implementation Identification of resource gaps	MMS, Haleh Kootval (WMO) Ele Hunt (MO), and Stakeholders	
	Coffee Break		
	Topics for discussion and agreement (continued)		
	Lunch		
	Topics for discussion and agreement (continued)		1300-1700
	DAY 5 (WORKING HOUR	S: 0900-1700)	
	SUES AND DISCUSSIONS FOR	R NEXT STEPS OF T	HE PROJECT
	Discussions on the role of GIS to enable users to better understand and visualize the relationship between multiple hazards, vulnerabilities and impacts		

Discussion on the development of the operational implementation of the delivery of impact-based forecast and warning services. A proposed GIS multi-hazard system would be tested, evaluated and revised as feasible. Once this component is complete, the new system could replace, or complement the subjective process Explore further refinement of the relationship between specific hazards and impacts by using more advanced vulnerability data The next steps: • Timeline • Milestones	WMO/MMS	
 Deliverables 		
Closure of the workshop		

ABBREVIATIONS

MMS – Mauritius Meteorological Services
NDRRMC – National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Centre
GFDRR – Global Facility for Disaster Reduction and Recovery
MO – Met Office, UK
WMO – World Meteorological Organization ______