Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030
Next Steps

Paola Albrito,
Head Regional office for Europe
By UN General Assembly

- **Endorse** of Sendai Framework (May 2015)
- **Establish** open-ended inter-governmental working group to develop indicators and terminology (May 2015)
- **Initiate** work of the open-ended inter-governmental working group to develop indicators and terminology (September 2015)
- **Define** periodic review of Sendai Framework in line with ECOSOC, HLPF and QCPR & building on regional & Global Platforms (December 2015)
To monitor achievement of the 7 targets

Following the adoption of the Sendai Framework for DRR 2015-2030

(a) Establishment of the Open-Ended Intergovernmental Expert Working Group to review terminology and identify indicators;
(b) SDG-IAEG discussion to ensure coherence of indicators and methodology for their measuring
(c) Technical Expert Meeting (July) to prepare the formal session
(d) 1st Formal session of the OEIEWG 28-30 September for endorsement of terminology and indicators

Identified criteria:
(a) action-oriented: Does the measurement of indicators monitor the progress of and facilitate action?;
(b) Relevant: Do the indicators directly relevant to the target? ;
(c) Easy to understand: Are the indicators easy to understand for government and the general public? ;
(d) Clear-cut: Do the indicators avoid ambiguity and arbitrariness in measurement? ; (e) Cost: Is the cost of collecting and processing the data needed for the indicators reasonable and affordable?
1st Formal Session of the OEIWG

Delegations from 83 countries including 21 from the Europe Region

Armenia, Belarus, Czech Republic, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Italy, Malta, The Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Serbia, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine, European Union

OUTCOMES

- On the website will be available the “background working texts” with bracketed text and suggestions from the members of the working groups.
- The members will have the opportunity to send additional comments by 30 November.
- Additional 2 Formal Session scheduled in 2016.
- Informal sessions as required
Global indicators proposed for the OEIWG discussion (Target A-D)

- **Target A**: Substantially reduce global disaster mortality by 2030, aiming to lower average per 100,000 global mortality between 2020-2030 compared to 2005-2015.

- **Target B**: Substantially reduce the number of affected people globally by 2030, aiming to lower the average global figure per 100,000 between 2020-2030 compared to 2005-2015.

- **Target C**: Reduce direct disaster economic loss in relation to global gross domestic product (GDP) by 2030.

- **Target D**: Substantially reduce disaster damage to critical infrastructure and disruption of basic services, among them health and educational facilities, including through developing their resilience by 2030.

The implementation of standardised Disaster Loss Database is key for the comparison of data and measurement of indicators.

Already 85 comparable national disaster loss databases. Additional 32 countries are expected to develop databases in 2015-16.

After the OEIWG, countries should establish baseline (2005-2015).

Within the Europe Region: Albania, Serbia, Turkey and Kosovo (Under UNSCR 1244/99); However, EC/JRC methodology aligned with UNISDR methodology.
Sendai and SDG indicator discussion

**SDGs - IAEG**

- **2015**
  - June
  - July
  - Aug
  - Sep
  - Oct
  - Nov-Dec

- **1st IAEG**
  - (Joint proposal by 17 UN agencies)
  - Consultation
  - 2nd IAEG (28-30 Oct)

**Sendai- OEWIG**

- **UNISDR Terminology Meeting**
- **UNISDR Indicator Meeting**
- **1st OEWIG (29-30 Sept)**
- **Report to UNSC**
By UNISDR

• **Implement** activities as mandated in Sendai Framework
• **Participate** in work of Inter-Agency and Expert Group on Sustainable Development Indicators (on-going process; number of indicators linked the DRR and SDGs)
• **Lead** revision of the United Nations Plan of Action on Disaster Risk Reduction for Resilience (on-going consultations until Spring 2016)
• **Update** the HFA monitor (meeting 1st OEIWG (29-30 Sept); by end of 2016 new monitoring tool will become available)
• **Maintain** inventory of commitments (678 commitments received globally (33 National & 29 Regional/International by European Countries) http://www.preventionweb.net/drr-framework/commitments#tab-1
• **Prepare** next cycle of regional and Global Platforms (GP 2017; Mexico offered to host)
• **Define** five-year strategy and two-year work plan (on-going; to be finalized in November 2015)
Paragraph 48 (c) of the Sendai Framework calls upon “UNISDR, in particular, to support the implementation, follow-up and review of this framework through […] generating evidence-based and practical guidance for implementation in close collaboration with States, […]”. In order to support the process, a number of targeted Sendai Framework implementation guides shall be developed.

Simple to understand, practical guide for implementing selected topic or issue, targeted to a specific set of users related to the implementation of the Sendai Framework.

Process started in August (Call for nomination)
45 number of guidelines to be developed

Example:
A) Multi-stakeholder approach, inclusion and empowerment of stakeholders
B) Peer review among countries
C) Implementation guide on national and local platforms for Disaster Risk Reduction
By States

- **Appoint** national focal points (As of 6 Oct 2015, 15 nominations for Europe)

- **Nominate** experts to open-ended inter-governmental working group for development of indicators & terminology (20 European representatives)

- **Update** risk information for biological, man-made hazards

- **Update** national & local DRR strategies & plans (*key focus of the Road Map* )

- **Report** status of implementation of plans

- **Identify** baselines & set targets for risks and DRR action

- **Review** and update relevant national legislation

- **Update** regional DRR strategies

- **Promote** local platforms on DRR

- **Promote** coherence across agreements