



UNISDR

The United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction



International Cooperation to Reduce Disaster Risk



This programme will drive accelerated and scaled-up action to reduce disaster risk through international coordination and partnership. It will promote coherence and mutual reinforcement between international frameworks covering disaster risk reduction, climate change, and sustainable development. The Programme will execute the UN General Assembly decisions of Member States related to disaster risk reduction.

The 3rd World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction in 2015

UNISDR will work with the Government of Japan, as host, and all stakeholders to facilitate the preparatory process of the 3rd World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction (WCDRR). The Office will support the design of a suitable schedule and help prepare the participants to deliver the agreed outcomes: a post-2015 framework for disaster risk reduction; a political declaration and commitments to implement the framework.

Six Regional Platforms for building commitment to action

UNISDR, in cooperation with host governments and regional institutions, will convene Regional Platforms and Ministerial Conferences in the Arab States, Europe, Africa, Americas, Asia and Pacific (plus a consultation in Central Asia) in the first half of 2014. Regional Platforms identify priorities, build consensus for regional solutions, and exchange knowledge and innovation. They enable opportunities for collective action to be seized. Regional Platforms will act as milestones to build a post-2015 framework for disaster risk reduction and bolster its subsequent implementation.

Stakeholder commitment to implement the post-2015 framework for disaster risk reduction

UNISDR will continue to promote ownership among partners of the post-2015 framework by building on the Office's active engagement with the private sector, parliamentarians, the academic, science and technology communities, civil society actors, including persons living with disabilities, youth leaders, women's groups and community organisations, and local governments through the Making Cities Resilient Campaign.

Coherent and coordinated action by the UN System

UNISDR will continue to facilitate the coordination and implementation of the United Nations Plan of Action on Disaster Risk Reduction for Resilience, a strategy to integrate disaster risk reduction into UN country-level operations and promote disaster risk reduction in the post-2015 development agenda.

Complementarity and coherence between international agendas

UNISDR will work to build coherence between the various processes related to disaster risk reduction, sustainable development and climate change ahead of the post-2015 development agenda. UNISDR will support the work of the High-Level Political Forum (successor mechanism of the Commission for Sustainable Development), the Open Ended Working Group on Sustainable Development Goals, as well as

relevant inter-agency mechanisms. It will consolidate commitments to action through the Third Small Island Development States (SIDS) Conference and World Urban Forum. UNISDR will also continue to engage with the Conference of the Parties (COPs) and provide substantive input and guidance to other UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) work streams.

Global reports on progress

UNISDR will redevelop the HFA Online Monitor, the unique global monitoring tool on disaster risk reduction. The tool will become increasingly useful as an instrument for governments to review progress and guide development and implementation of national strategies that will reflect the priorities of the post-2015 framework for disaster risk reduction. UNISDR has the largest single set of data on what governments are doing to reduce risk. The improved HFA Online Monitor will enable progress and challenges to be even more accurately assessed.

Gender-sensitive disaster risk reduction applied and monitored

UNISDR will reach out to Member States, in partnership with the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW), to provide guidance on gender issues within disaster risk reduction. It will enlist women parliamentarians and grassroots women's organisations and work with regional training centres and national platforms to build capacity of government officials to apply gender policy guidance and report on gender issues through the HFA Monitor tool.

2014-2015 Resource Requirements (All figures in '000 US\$)

| 1. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION TO REDUCE DISASTER RISK | 27,298 |
|---|--------|
| 1.1 The 3rd World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction in March 2015 | 10,000 |
| 1.2 Six Regional Platforms for building commitment to action | 4,400 |
| 1.3 Commitment from stakeholders to implement the post-2015 framework for disaster risk reduction | 5,000 |
| 1.4 Coherent and coordinated action by the UN System | 500 |
| 1.5 Complementarity and coherence among international agendas | 3,000 |
| 1.6 Global reports on progress | 1,000 |
| 1.7 Gender-sensitive disaster risk reduction applied and monitored | 258 |
| Programme Support Costs (PSC) | 3,140 |