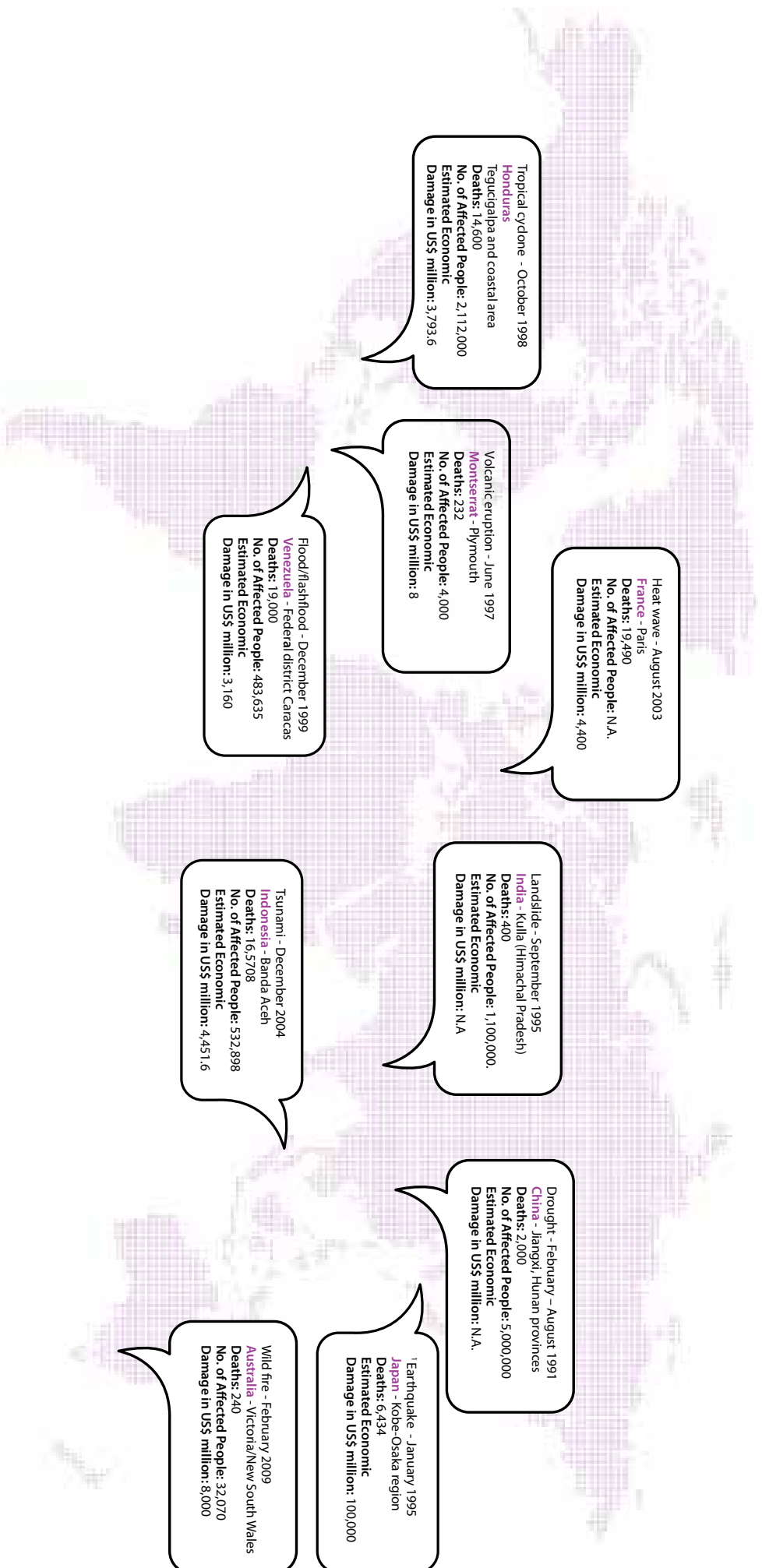


# Facts and Figures

Figure 3: Examples of major city disasters per hazard type



Sources: Centre for Research on Epidemiology of Disasters (CRED) (2009); U.S Department of the Interior, USGS Fact Sheet FS 10301. <http://pubs.usgs.gov/fs/fs-0103-01/fs-0103-01.pdf>

Source Japan: Hyogo Prefecture

Note: These figures often encompass urban areas outside the actual city boundaries up to entire regions.

## Ten most populous cities and associated disaster risk

City	Population (million) Projections 2010	Disaster risk					
		Earthquake	Volcano	Storms	Tornado	Flood	Sturm surge
Tokyo	36.09	x		x	x	x	x
Mumbai	20.07	x		x		x	x
São Paulo	19.58			x		x	
Mexico City	19.49	x	x	x			
New York-Newark	19.44	x		x			x
Delhi	17.02	x		x		x	
Shanghai	15.79	x		x		x	x
Kolkata	15.58	x		x	x	x	x
Buenos Aires	13.09			x		x	x
Jakarta	9.70	x				x	

**NB:** The term 'urban agglomeration' refers to the de facto population contained within the contours of a contiguous territory inhabited at urban density levels without regard to administrative boundaries. It usually incorporates the population in a city or town plus that in the sub-urban areas lying outside of but being adjacent to the city boundaries.

**Source:** World Urbanization Prospects: The 2007 Revision Population Database, <http://esa.un.org/unup/index.asp?panel=6>.

**Example Tokyo:** Greater Tokyo Area: 35.2 million, Tokyo Metropolitan Area: 13 million

## Global trends in urbanization

Region	Urban population					Percentage urban				
	1950	1975	2007	2025	2050	1950	1975	2007	2025	2050
World	737	1518	3294	4584	6398	29.1	37.3	49.4	57.2	69.6
More developed region	427	702	916	99	1071	52.5	67.0	74.4	79.0	86.0
Less developed region	310	817	2382	3590	5327	18.0	27.0	43.8	53.2	67.0
Africa	32	107	373	658	1233	14.5	25.7	38.7	47.2	61.8
Asia	237	574	1645	2440	3486	16.8	24.0	40.8	51.1	66.2
Europe	281	444	528	545	557	51.2	65.7	72.2	76.2	83.8
Latin America and the Carribean	69	198	448	575	683	41.4	61.1	78.3	83.5	88.7
North America	110	180	275	365	402	63.9	73.8	81.3	85.7	90.2
Oceania	8	13	24	27	31	62.0	71.5	70.5	71.9	76.4

Source: UN, 2008, pp5-6