

Press release

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WORLD CONFERENCE ADOPTS NEW INTERNATIONAL FRAMEWORK FOR DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AFTER MARATHON NEGOTIATIONS

18 March 2015, SENDAl – Representatives from 187 UN member States today adopted the first major agreement of the Post-2015 development agenda, a far reaching new framework for disaster risk reduction with seven targets and four priorities for action.

Conference President, Ms. Eriko Yamatani, Minister of State for Disaster Management, announced agreement on the text, the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 – the new international framework for disaster risk reduction, following a marathon final round of negotiations which went on for over 30 hours.

Margareta Wahlström, the Secretary-General's Special Representative for Disaster Risk Reduction and the Head of the UN Office for Disaster Risk Reduction, said: "The adoption of this new framework for disaster risk reduction opens a major new chapter in sustainable development as it outlines clear targets and priorities for action which will lead to a substantial reduction of disaster risk and losses in lives, livelihoods and health.

"Implementation of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction over the next 15 years will require strong commitment and political leadership and will be vital to the achievement of future agreements on sustainable development goals and climate later this year. As the UN Secretary-General said here on the opening day, sustainability starts in Sendai."

The framework outlines seven global targets to be achieved over the next 15 years: a substantial reduction in global disaster mortality; a substantial reduction in numbers of affected people; a

About UNISDR: UNISDR is the UN office dedicated to disaster risk reduction. It is led by the Special Representative of the Secretary General for Disaster Risk Reduction and supports implementation of the *Hyogo Framework for Action 2005-2015: Building the Resilience of Nations and Communities to Disasters* which seeks "the substantial reduction of disaster losses, in lives and in the social, economic and environmental assets of communities and countries."

reduction in economic losses in relation to global GDP; substantial reduction in disaster damage to

critical infrastructure and disruption of basic services, including health and education facilities; an

increase in the number of countries with national and local disaster risk reduction strategies by 2020;

enhanced international cooperation; and increased access to multi-hazard early warning systems

and disaster risk information and assessments.

Conference President, Ms. Yamatani, said: "Japan's special relationship with the global disaster risk

reduction community has been strengthened by the outcome of this World Conference. Successful

implementation of this new framework will mean a reduction of existing levels of disaster risk and

avoidance of the creation of new risk."

Conference Main Committee Co-Chair, Ambassador Päivi Kairamo from Finland, said: "Delegates

have taken into account the experience gained through implementation of the current Hyogo

Framework for Action. We have agreed on four priorities for action focussed on a better

understanding of risk, strengthened disaster risk governance and more investment.

"A final priority calls for more effective disaster preparedness and embedding the 'build back better'

principle into recovery, rehabilitation and reconstruction. These will be the four points of the DRR

compass for the next 15 years."

Her fellow Co-Chair, Ambassador, Thani Thongphakdi from Thailand, said: "I would like to thank all

those who have persevered over these last five days to deliver a framework that will guide disaster

risk reduction for the next 15 years."

The World Conference was attended by over 6,500 participants including 2,800 government

representatives from 187 governments. The Public Forum had 143,000 visitors over the five days of

the conference making it one of the largest UN gatherings ever held in Japan.

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