







#### 1st Arab Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction

Under the Patronage of HRH Princess Sumaya bint El Hassan, President of the Royal Scientific Society 19-21 March 2013, Aqaba, Jordan

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Arab Conference on DRR discussed:

- Regional Progress in Disaster Risk reduction and the Implementation of Hyogo Framework for Action (HFA)
- Developing a Global Disaster Risk Reduction Framework in 2015 "HFA2"
  - Emerging Issue, Institutional Mechanisms and Governance
  - Climate Change and Local Resilience
  - Disaster Risk Reduction and Development Planning
  - Challenges and opportunities for DRR in the region in light of progress made so far and expectations from post-HFA process (HFA2)
  - Urban Risk Reduction and Cities Resilience

#### Issues raised on DRR in Arab Region

- Lack / Weakness of Political Commitment
- Lack of financial resources & mechanisms
- Lack of awareness on risks
- Voluntary nature of HFA (lack of enforcement)
- Need for decentralization
- Lack of data on vulnerabilities, hazard maps
- Weak coordination and lack of identification of roles & responsibilities
- Need for inclusiveness and civic engagement
- Need to link local and national strategies / plans
- Need for national coordination mechanisms
- Youth population in Arab states is an opportunity to promote creative solutions and build strong awareness

#### Issues raised on DRR in Arab Region

- Lack of guidelines how to implement DRR
- Need to enhance expertise and capacities
- Inconsistency of information across sectors
- Governance and accountability
- Need for coherence between global, regional, national and local DRR strategies and plans
- Community participation and engaging civil society in sustainable development
- Need to engage Private sector
- Need to consider economics of DRR and analyze cost-benefits
- Increasing urban risk, creeping drought, food security, water resources management, water governance and increasing impacts of climate change.
- Increasing migration flows from rural to urban

- Assessing progress and gaps in the implementation of current HFA and build upon it / strengthen for HFA2
- Accelerating progress on DRR and bringing all Arab countries up to speed "currently differentiated levels"
- Improved governance and accountability mechanisms of DRR (national coordination mechanism [adopting a multi-stakeholder approach], engagement of all key ministries including finance, planning and key sectors, prioritizing DRR at highest level of government, embedding transparent monitoring and reporting)
- Establishing national risk financing strategies with (a) DRR allocated budget nationally and locally, (b) promote financing mechanisms e.g. Islamic Cooperative Insurance, tax restructure, private sector incentives.

- Promoting decentralization and strengthening local capacities
- Promoting engagement of civil society, youth and the Private sector as key stakeholders "Youth population in Arab states is an opportunity to promote creative solutions and build strong awareness"
- Stronger linkages to sustainable development in national development planning and budgeting
- Advocate for DRR to be strongly reflected in post-2015 international development agenda "MDGs/SDGs"

- Climate Resilience with focus on drought and water challenges
- Strengthening Infrastructure (to mitigate flash floods and seismic risk),
- Urban risk management and resilient cities
- (cross cutting: Legislation and regulatory mechanisms, e.g. building codes, land-use planning)
- Strengthening engagement of academia and science in support of DRR actions (applied research)
- Need a STRONG HFA2 how to reflect strong political commitment and agreement.

- Arab Region believes that current HFA offers a comprehensive platform for action. However, Arab region recommends that HFA2 should be strengthened to improve governance and accountability, resources and capacities, knowledge and awareness.
- Arab region agrees to come together on a regular basis to assess progress and continue the momentum on DRR and thereby launches the Arab Regional Platform for disaster risk reduction.